# quarterly monitor

# OF ECONOMIC TRENDS AND POLICIES IN SERBIA

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Quarterly Monitor of Economic Trends and Policies in Serbia (QM) was created by Kori Udovički, who was the Editor-in-Chief of the first six issues of QM. For issues seven to twenty three, the Editor-in-Chief of QM was Prof. Pavle Petrović. Diana Dragutinović was the Editor-in-Chief of QM24. Since issue QM25-26 the Editor-in-Chief of QM is Milojko Arsić.

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Svetozar Tanasković

# **Analytical and Notation Conventions**

# Values

The data is shown in the currency we believe best reflects relevant economic processes, regardless of the currency in which it is published or is in official use in the cited transactions. For example, the balance of payments is shown in euros as most flows in Serbia's international trade are valued in euros and because this comes closest to the measurement of real flows. Banks' credit activity is also shown in euros as it is thus indexed in the majority of cases, but is shown in dinars in analyses of monetary flows as the aim is to describe the generation of dinar aggregates.

## **Definitions of Aggregates and Indices**

When local use and international conventions differ, we attempt to use international definitions wherever applicable to facilitate comparison.

**Flows** – In monetary accounts, the original data is stocks. Flows are taken as balance changes between two periods.

**New Economy** – Enterprises formed through private initiative

**Traditional Economy** - Enterprises that are/were state-owned or public companies

**Y-O-Y Indices** – We are more inclined to use this index (growth rate) than is the case in local practice. Comparison with the same period in the previous year informs about the process absorbing the effect of all seasonal variations which occurred over the previous year, especially in the observed seasons, and raises the change measure to the annual level.

## Notations

CPI – Consumer Price Index

**Cumulative** – Refers to incremental changes of an aggregate in several periods within one year, from the beginning of that year.

H – Primary money (high-powered money)

IPPI – Industrial Producers Price Index

M1 - Cash in circulation and dinar sight deposits

**M2 in dinars** – In accordance with IMF definition: cash in circulation, sight and time deposits in both dinars and foreign currency. The same as M2 in the accepted methodology in Serbia

M2 – Cash in circulation, sight and time deposits in both dinars and foreign currency (in accordance with the IMF definition; the same as M3 in accepted methodology in Serbia)

NDA – Net Domestic Assets

NFA – Net Foreign Assets

**RPI** – Retail Price Index

y-o-y - Index or growth relative to the same period of the previous year

## Abbreviations

CEFTA – Central European Free Trade Agreement

EU – European Union

FDI – Foreign Direct Investment

FFCD - Frozen Foreign Currency Deposit

**FREN** – Foundation for the Advancement of Economics

GDP – Gross Domestic Product

GVA – Gross Value Added

IMF – International Monetary Fund

LRS – Loan for the Rebirth of Serbia

**MAT** – *Macroeconomic Analyses and Trends*, publication of the Belgrade Institute of Economics

**NES** - National Employment Service

NIP – National Investment Plan

NBS – National Bank of Serbia

**OECD** – Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

**PRO** – Public Revenue Office

Q1, Q2, Q4, Q4 – 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th quarters of the year

QM – Quarterly Monitor

SORS - Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia

SDF – Serbian Development Fund

SEE – South East Europe

SEPC – Serbian Electric Power Company

SITC – Standard International Trade Classification

SME - Small and Medium Enterprise

VAT – Value Added Tax